

ABSTRACT

A method of processing a far-end signal and a near-end signal to produce a final signal, the far-end signal containing speech, the near-end signal containing speech and background noise. The method includes: determining an amplification gain based upon
5 the near-end signal; removing a portion of the background noise from the near-end signal to create a noise-reduced near-end signal; combining the far-end signal with the noise-reduced near-end signal to create a combined signal; and amplifying the combined signal by the amplification gain to create the final signal.